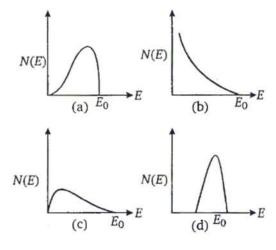
TS EAMCET Agriculture and Medical Mock - 1

| Physics | |
|---|-------|
| Question 1: | 00:17 |
| If alpha, beta and gamma rays carry the same momentum, which will have the longest wavelength? | |
| (A) Alpha rays | |
| (B) Beta rays | |
| (C) Gamma rays | |
| (D) All have the same wavelength. Correct Answer | |
| Question 2: | 00:01 |
| The light rays having photons of energy 1.8 eV are falling on a metal surface having a work function 1.2 eV. What is the stopping potential to be applied to stop the emitting electrons? | |
| (A) 3 V | |
| (B) 1.2 V | |
| (C) 0.6 V Correct Answer | |
| (D) 1.4 V | |
| Question 3: | 00:01 |
| For a satellite moving in an orbit around the Earth, the ratio of kinetic energy to potential energy is: | |
| (A)2 | |
| (B) Correct Answer | |
| (C) | |
| (D) | |
| Question 4: | 00:01 |
| A bullet is dropped from the same height when another bullet is fired horizontally. They will hit the ground | |
| (A) at different instants of time depending upon their masses | |
| (B) at different instants of time depending upon their initial velocities | |
| (C) one after another | |
| (D) simultaneously Correct Answer | |
| Question 5: | 00:01 |
| The equation of stationary wave along a stretched string is given by y = 5 sin cos 40, where x and y are in cm and t is in sec. The separation between two adjacent nodes is: | |
| (A) 1.5 cm | |
| (B) 3 cm Correct Answer | |
| (C) 6 cm | |

(D) 4 cm

The energy spectrum of β -particles [number N(E) as a function of β -energy E] emitted from a radioactive source is represented by



(A)(a)

(B) (b)

(C) (c) Correct Answ

(D) (d)

Question 7: 00:01

A boat of mass 40 kg is at rest. A dog of mass 4 kg moves in the boat with a velocity of 10 m/s. What is the velocity of the boat?

(A) 4 m/s

(B) 2 m/s

(C) 5 m/s

(D) 1 m/s Correct Answer

Question 8: 00:01

An optician prescribes spectacles to a patient with a combination of a convex lens of focal length 40 cm and concave lens of focal length 25 cm. The power of the spectacles is:

(A) 6.0 D

(B) 1.5 D

(C) -6.0 D

(D) -1.5 D Correct Answer

Question 9: 00:01

In which of the following systems will the radius of the first orbit (n = 1) be minimum?

(A) Deuterium atom

(B) Hydrogen atom

(C) Doubly ionised lithium Correct Answer

(D) Singly ionised helium

Question 10:

| A 100 W, 200 V bulb is connected to a 160 V supply. The actual power consumption would be | |
|--|----------------|
| (A) 185 W | |
| (B) 100 W | |
| (C) 54 W | |
| (D) 64 W Correct Answer | |
| Question 11: | 00:01 |
| A wire is cut into four pieces, which are put together by sides to obtain one conductor. If the original resistance of wire was R, the resistance of the bundle will be | |
| (A) $\frac{R}{4}$ | |
| (B) R 8 | |
| (C) R 16 Correct Answer | |
| $(D) \frac{R}{32}$ | |
| Question 12: | 00:01 |
| A circular disc is rotating with angular velocity. If a man standing at the edge of the disc walks towards its centre, then the angular velocity of the disc | |
| (A) is not changed | |
| (B) be halved | |
| (C) decreases | |
| (D) increases Correct Answer | |
| Question 13: | 00:01 |
| A charge Q is distributed uniformly in a sphere (solid). Then, the electric field at any point r, where r < R (R is the radius of the sphere) varies as: | |
| (A) r ¹² | |
| (B) r ¹ | |
| (C) r Correct Answer | |
| $(D) r^2$ | |
| Question 14: | 00:01 |
| Two solid spheres A and B made of the same material have radii r _A and r _B , respectively. Both the spheres are cooled from the same temperature under the conditions valid for Newton's law of cooling. The ratio of the of temperatures of A and B is: | rates of chang |
| (A) <u>rA</u> B | |
| (B) <u>b</u> r _A Correct Answer | |
| (C) $\frac{r_A^2}{g_0^2}$ | |
| (D) $\frac{e_0^2}{r_A^2}$ | |

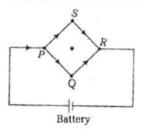
For inelastic collision between two spherical rigid bodies.

- (A) the total kinetic energy is conserved
- (B) the total mechanical energy is not conserved
- (C) the linear momentum is not conserved
- (D) the linear momentum is conserved

Correct Answer

Question 21: 00:01

A square loop is made by a uniform conductor wire as shown in the figure:



What is the net magnetic field at the centre of the loop, if side length of the square is 'a'?

(A) $\frac{\mu_0 i}{2a}$

(B) Zero

Correct Answer

 $(C) \ \underline{\mu_0 i^2}{a^2}$

(D) None of these

Question 22: 00:01

A choke is preferred to a resistance for limiting current in AC circuit because

(A) choke is cheap

(B) there is no wastage of power

Correct Answer

- (C) choke is compact in size
- (D) choke is a good absorber of heat

Question 23: 00:01

A given mass of a gas is compressed isothermally until its pressure is doubled. It is then allowed to expand adiabatically until its original volume is restored, and its pressure is then found to be 0.75 of its initial pressure. The ratio of the specific heats of the gas is approximately:

(A) 1.20

(B) 1.41

Correct Answer

(C) 1.67

(D) 1.83

Question 24: 00:01

A solenoid 1.5 m long and 0.4 cm in diameter possesses 10 turns per cm length. A current of 5 A falls through it. The magnetic field at the axis inside the solenoid is.

(A) $2^{\pi} \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}$

| (B) $2\pi \times 10^{-6} \text{ T}$ | |
|---|-----------|
| (C) $4^{\pi} \times 10^{-2} \text{T}$ | |
| (D) 4^{71} x 10^{-3} T | |
| Question 25: | 00:01 |
| The optical length of an astronomical telescope with magnifying power of 10, for normal vision, is 44 cm. What is the focal length of the objective? | |
| (A) 4 cm | |
| (B) 40 cm Correct Answer | |
| (C) 44 cm | |
| (D) 440 cm | |
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| Question 26: | 00:01 |
| A beam of light of wavelength 600 nm from a distant source falls on a single slit 1 mm wide and the resulting diffraction pattern is observed on a screen 2 m away. The distance between the first dark fringes on either sic central bright fringe is: | le of the |
| (A) 1.2 cm | |
| (B) 1.2 mm | |
| (C) 2.4 cm | |
| (D) 2.4 mm Correct Answer | |
| Question 27: | 00:01 |
| A car starts from rest, moves with an acceleration a and then decelerates at a constant rate b for sometimes to come to rest. If the total time taken is t, the maximum velocity of the car is given by: | |

Correct Answer

(A)

Correct Answer

| (B) | |
|---|------------------------|
| (C) | |
| (D) | |
| Question 28: | 00:01 |
| In nuclear reactions, there is conservation of | |
| (A) momentum | |
| (B) mass | |
| (C) energy | |
| (D) All of these Correct Answer | |
| Question 29: | 00:01 |
| Pressure gradient has the same dimensions as those of | |
| (A) velocity gradient | |
| (B) potential gradient | |
| (C) energy gradient | |
| (D) None of these | |
| Correct Answer | |
| Question 30: | 00:01 |
| The density of a newly discovered planet is twice that of the Earth. The acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the planet is equal to that at the surface of the Earth, If the radius of the Earth is R, the radius | of the planet would be |
| (A) 2R | |
| (B) 4R | |
| (C) R | |
| (D) R Correct Answer | |
| Question 31: | 00:01 |
| To convert a galvanometer into voltmeter, we must connect a | |
| (A) high resistance in series | |
| Correct Answer | |
| (B) low resistance in parallel | |
| (C) high resistance in parallel | |
| (D) low resistance in series | |
| Question 32: | 00:01 |
| When a low flying aircraft passes over head, we sometimes notice a slight shaking of the picture on our TV screen. This is due to | |
| (A) diffraction of the signal received from the antenna | |
| (B) interference of the direct signal received by the antenna with the weak signal reflected by the passing aircraft Correct Answer | |
| (C) change of magnetic flux occurring due to the passage of aircraft | |

(D) vibration created by the passage of aircraft

(D) 25 cm

Question 38: 00:01

A galvanometer having a resistance of 8 is shunted by a wire of resistance 2. If the total current is 1 A, the part of it passing through the shunt will be:

(A) 0.25 A

(B) 0.8 A

Correct Answer

(C) 0.2 A

(D) 0.5 A

Question 39: 00:01

Two planets are revolving around the Earth with velocities v_1 and v_2 and in radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 > r_2$) respectively. Then,

 $(A) v_1 = v_2$

(B) $v_1 > v_2$

(C) v₁ < v₂

Correct Answer

(D) $\frac{v_1}{r_1} = \frac{v_2}{r_2}$

Question 40: 00:01

A body goes 20 km due north and then 10 km due east. The displacement of the body from its starting point is:

(A) 30 km

(B) 25.2 km

(C) 22.36 km

Correct Answer

(D) 10 km

Chemistry

Question 1: 00:01

HO \longrightarrow SO_3H $\xrightarrow{Br_2/H_2O}$ X; X is

identified as

| (A) 2, 4, 6-tribromophenol | |
|--|-------|
| (B) 2-bromo-4-hydroxyl benzene sulphonic acid | |
| (C) 3, 5-dibromo-4- hydroxyl benzene sulphonic acid Correct Answer | |
| (D) 2-bromophenol | |
| Question 2: | 00:01 |
| Schiff's reagent is | |
| (A) red litmus | |
| (B) rosaniline hydrochloride Correct Answer | |
| (C) methyl orange | |
| (D) 2, 4 dinitrophenyl hydrazine | |
| Question 3: | 00:01 |
| Containers A and B have same gases. Pressure, volume and temperature of A are all twice those of B. Then, the ratio of the number of molecules of A and B is | |
| (A) 1:2 | |
| (B) 2 : 1 Correct Answer | |
| (C) 1:4 | |
| (D) 4:1 | |
| Question 4: | 00:01 |
| On reduction with hydrogen, 3.6 g of an oxide of a metal left 3.2 g of the metal. If the vapour density of the metal was 32 g/L, then the simplest formula of the oxide would be | |
| (A) MO | |
| (B) M ₂ O ₃ | |
| (C) M ₂ O Correct Answer | |
| $(D) M_2 O_5$ | |
| Question 5: | 00:01 |
| The vapour pressure of acetone at 20°C is 185 torr. When 1.2 g of a non-volatile substance is dissolved in 100 g of acetone at 20°C, its vapour pressure becomes 183 torr. The molar mass (g mol ⁻¹) of the substance is | |
| (A) 32 | |
| (B) 64 Correct Answer | |
| (C) 128 | |
| (D) 488 | |
| Question 6: | 00:01 |
| The product obtained by the reaction of an aldehyde and a hydroxylamine is | |
| (A) hydrazone | |
| (B) aldoxime | |
| | |

| (C) primary amine | |
|--|-------|
| (D) alcohol | |
| Question 7: | 00:01 |
| Which one of the following elements has the highest ionisation energy? | |
| (A) [Ne]3s ² , 3p ¹ | |
| (B) [Ne]3s ² , 3p ² | |
| (C) [Ne]3s ² , 3p ³ Correct Answer | |
| (D) [Ar]3d ¹⁰ , $4s^2$, $4p^2$ | |
| Question 8: | 00:01 |
| Transition metals show paramagnetic behaviour. This is because of their | |
| (A) high lattice energies | |
| (B) variable oxidation states | |
| (C) characteristic configurations | |
| (D) unpaired electrons Correct Answer | |
| Question 9: | 00:01 |
| Acetyl bromide reacts with excess of CH ₃ MgI, followed by treatment with a saturated solution of NH ₄ CI, to give | |
| (A) acetone | |
| (B) acetamide | |
| (C) 2-methyl-2-propanol Correct Answer | |
| (D) acetyl iodide | |
| Question 10: | 00:01 |
| Which is the strongest oxidising agent? | |
| (A) Na* | |
| (B) Li* | |
| (C) Zn ²⁺ | |
| (D) Cu ²⁺ Correct Answer | |
| Question 11: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following forms a molecular solid? | |
| (A) SO ₂ Correct Answer | |
| (B) SiO ₂ | |
| (C) SiC | |
| | |

Question 17:

Bohr's theory is not applicable to

12

00:01

| (A) H | |
|--|-------|
| (B) He* | |
| (C) L ² * | |
| (D) H* Correct Answer | |
| Question 18: | 00:01 |
| $H_2 + Cl_2 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2HCl_1 \xrightarrow{\Delta} H = -194 \text{ kJ}$ In the above reaction, the heat of formation of HCl is | |
| (A) +97 kJ | |
| (B) -97 kJ Correct Answer | |
| (C) +107 kJ | |
| (D) -107 kJ | |
| Question 19: | 00:01 |
| Observe the following reaction: 2A + B C | |
| The rate of formation of C is 2.2×10^{-3} mol L min ⁻¹ . What is the value of -(in mol L ⁻¹ mm ⁻¹)? | |
| | |
| (A) 2.2 × 10 ⁻³ | |
| (B) 1.1 x 10 ⁻³ | |
| (C) 4.4 x 10 ⁻³ | |
| Correct Answer | |
| | |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: | 00:01 |
| (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ | 00:01 |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: | 00:01 |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: Mg and LI are similar in their properties due to | 00:01 |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: Mg and U are similar in their properties due to (A) same e/m ratio | 00:01 |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: Mg and LI are similar in their properties due to (A) same e/m ratio (B) same electron affinity | 00:01 |
| (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: Mg and Li are similar in their properties due to (A) same e/m ratio (B) same electron affinity (C) same group | 00:01 |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: Mg and Li are similar in their properties due to (A) same e/m ratio (B) same electron affinity (C) same group (D) same ionic potential Correct Answer | |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: Mg and U are similar in their properties due to (A) same e/m ratio (B) same electron affinity (C) same group (D) same ionic potential Correct Answer Question 21: | |
| (D) 5.5 x 10 ⁻³ Question 20: Mg and U are similar in their properties due to (A) same e/m ratio (B) same electron affinity (C) same group (D) same ionic potential Correct Answer Question 21: Time required to deposit one millimole of aluminium metal by the passage of 9.65 A through aqueous solution of aluminium ion is | |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10-3 Question 20: Mg and LI are similar in their properties due to (A) same e/m ratio (B) same electron affinity (C) same group (D) same ionic potential Correct Answer Question 21: Time required to deposit one millimole of aluminium metal by the passage of 9.65 A through aqueous solution of aluminium ion is (A) 30 s Correct Answer | |
| Correct Answer (D) 5.5 x 10-3 Question 2.0: Mg and U are similar in their properties due to (A) same electron affinity (C) same electron affinity (D) same lonic potential Correct Answer Question 2.1: Time required to deposit one millimole of aluminium metal by the passage of 9.65 A through aqueous solution of aluminium ion is (A) 30 s Correct Answer | |
| Correct Answer (D) 5 5 x 10-3 Question 20: Mg and U are similar in their properties due to (A) same elm ratio (B) same electron affinity (C) same group (D) same lonic potential Correct Answer Question 21: Time required to deposit one millimola of aluminium metal by the passage of 9.65 A through aqueous solution of aluminium ion is (A) 30 s Correct Answer (B) 10 s (C) 30,000 s | |

(A) steel

| Correct Answer | |
|--|-------|
| (B) wrought iron | |
| (C) pig iron | |
| (D) cast iron | |
| Question 23: | 00:01 |
| The compounds of alkaline earth metals have the following magnetic nature: | |
| (A) Diamagnetic Correct Answer | |
| (B) Paramagnetic | |
| (C) Ferromagnetic | |
| (D) Antiferromagnetic | |
| Question 24: | 00:01 |
| For a linear plot of log (x/m) versus log p in a Freundlich adsorption isotherm, which of the following statements is correct? (k and n are constants) | |
| (A) Both k and 1/n appear in the slope term. | |
| (B) 1/n appears as the intercept. | |
| (C) Only 1/n appears as the slope. Correct Answer | |
| (D) log (1/n) appears as the intercept. | |
| Question 25: | 00:01 |
| What is X in the following reaction? | |
| $KHSO_4 + F_2 \longrightarrow HF + X$ | |
| (A) K ₂ SO ₄ | |
| (B) K ₂ S ₂ O ₄ | |
| (C) K ₂ S ₂ O ₃ | |
| (D) K ₂ S ₂ O ₈ Correct Answer | |

| Question 26: | 00:01 |
|--|-------|
| The number of unpaired electrons in ferrous ion is | |
| (A) 3 | |
| (B) 2 | |
| (C) 4 Correct Answer | |
| (D) 5 | |
| Question 27: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following is added to chloroform to slow down its aerial oxidation in the presence of light? | |
| (A) Carbonyl chloride | |
| (B) Ethyl alcohol Correct Answer | |
| (C) Sodium hydroxide | |
| (D) Nitric acid | |
| Question 28: | 00:01 |
| reacts with acetic acid in presence of Hg ²⁺ to give | |
| (A) CH ₃ CH(CH ₃ COO) ₂ Correct Answer | |
| (B) CH(CH ₃ COO) ₂ I CH(CH ₃ COO) ₂ | |
| (C) CH ₂ | |
| 1 CH ₂ (CH ₃ COO) | |
| (D) None of these | |
| Question 29: | 00:01 |
| The compound used as an antiblotic is | |
| (A) ampicillin Correct Answer | |
| (B) aspirin | |
| (C) sulphuryl | |
| (D) chloroquine | |
| Question 30: | 00:01 |
| The density of a gas is found to be 1.56 g/L at 745 mm pressure and 65�C. What is the molecular mass of the gas? | |
| (A) 44.2 u Correct Answer | |

| (B) 4.42 u | |
|---|-------|
| (C) 224 u | |
| (D) 22.4 u | |
| Question 31: | 00:01 |
| The standard e.m.f. of a galvanic cell, involving cell reaction with n = 2, was found to be 0.295 V at 25 oc. The equilibrium constant of the reaction would be | |
| (A) 2 10 ¹¹ | |
| (B) 4 10 ¹² | |
| (C) 1 10 ² | |
| (D) 1 10 ¹⁰ Correct Answer | |
| Question 32: | 00:01 |
| The chloroform reacts with KOH and methyl amine to give | |
| (A) CH ₂ COOK | |
| (B) C ₂ K ₂ Q ₄ (Potassium oxalate) | |
| (C) CH ₃ NC Correct Answer | |
| (D) CH ₂ CN | |
| | 00.01 |
| Question 33: Which among the following is a colloid? | 00:01 |
| | |
| (A) Urea | |
| (B) Blood Correct Answer | |
| (C) Cane sugar | |
| (D) NaCl | |
| Question 34: | 00:01 |
| The most reactive nucleophile is | |
| (A) CH ₂ O· | |
| (B) C _e H ₅ O⁻ | |
| (C) (CH ₃) ₂ CHO. | |
| (D) (CH ₃) ₃ CO ⁻ Correct Answer | |
| Question 35: | 00:01 |
| The most abundant metal in the earth's crust is: | |
| (A) Al Correct Answer | |
| (B) Na | |
| (C) Ca | |
| (D)Fe | |

| Question 36: | 00:01 |
|---|-------|
| Which of the following polymerisation processes will not result into the formation of a condensation polymer? | |
| (A) n (Ethylene glycol) + n (Phthalic acid) | |
| (B) n (1.3-Butadiene) + n (Styrene) Correct Answer | |
| (C) n (Hexamethylenediamine) + n (Adipic acid) | |
| (D) n (Ethylene glycol) + n (Terephthalic acid) | |
| Question 37: | 00:01 |
| For decolourisation of 1 mole of KMnO ₄ , the number of moles of H ₂ O ₂ required is | |
| (A) 1/2 | |
| (B) 3/2 | |
| (C) 5/2 Correct Answer | |
| (D) 7/2 | |
| Question 38: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following options is arranged in the increasing order of enthalpy of vaporisation? | |
| (A) NH ₃ , PH ₃ , AsH ₃ | |
| (B) AsH ₃ , PH ₃ , NH ₃ | |
| (C) NH ₃ , AsH ₃ , PH ₃ | |
| (D) PH ₃ , AsH ₃ , NH ₃ Correct Answer | |
| Question 39: | 00:01 |
| The catalyst used in the preparation of an alkyl chloride by the action of dry HCl on an alcohol is | |
| (A) anhydrous AICI ₃ | |
| (B) FeCi ₃ | |
| (C) anhydrous ZnCl ₂ Correct Answer | |
| (D) Cu | |
| Question 40: | 00:01 |
| The energy equivalent of 2.0 mg mass defect is | |
| $(A) 1.8 \times 10^4 \text{ erg}$ | |
| (B) 9 x 10 ⁻¹⁹ erg | |
| (C) 1.5 x 10 ²⁰ erg | |
| (D) 1.8 x 10 ⁻¹⁵ erg Correct Answer | |

| Biology | |
|--|-------|
| Question 1: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following is are used for poisoning of herbarium sheet? | |
| (A) HgCl ₂ | |
| (B) Napthalene | |
| (C) CS ₂ | |
| (D) All of the above Correct Answer | |
| (E) None of these | |
| Question 2: | 00:01 |
| Cell wall is absent in which of the following? | |
| (A) Amoeba | |
| Correct Answer | |
| (B) Chara | |
| (C) Yeast | |
| (D) E coli | |
| Question 3: | 00:01 |
| The most important function of diaphragm is | |
| (A) to aid in digestion | |
| (B) to aid in respiration Correct Answer | |
| (C) to protect lungs | |
| (D) to divide body cavity into compartments | |
| Question 4: | 00:01 |
| What is wheat germ called? | |
| (A) Coleoptile Correct Answer | |
| (B) Cotyledon | |
| (C) Embryo | |
| (D) Endosperm | |

Question 5:

00:01

| (A) all bacteria, fungi and algae | |
|---|-------|
| (B) fungl, algae and green plant cells | |
| (C) some bacteria, algae and green plant cells Correct Answer | |
| (D) viruses, fungi and bacteria | |
| Question 6: | 00:01 |
| Schwann cell is found around | |
| (A) axon Correct Answer | |
| (B) dendrite | |
| (C) cyton | |
| (D) dendron | |
| Question 7: | 00:01 |
| Match the following: | |
| P. Spirogyra 1. Vegetative propagation Q. Rose 2. Fragmentation | |
| R. Planaria 3. Sexual reproduction S. Human 4. Regeneration | |
| (A) P - 1, Q - 3, R - 2, S - 4 | |
| (B) P - 3, Q - 4, R - 1, S - 2 | |
| (C) P - 2, Q - 1, R - 4, S - 3 Correct Answer | |
| (D) P - 4, Q - 2, R - 3, S - 1 | |
| (E) P - 2, Q - 4, R - 3, S - 1 | |
| Question 8: | 00:01 |
| Birds are | |
| (A) cold blooded | |
| (B) homeothermal | |
| Correct Answer | |
| (C) polikilothermal | |
| (D) None of these | |
| Question 9: | 00:01 |
| In a cell cycle, during which phase chromosomes are arranged in equatorial plate? | |
| (A) Metaphase Correct Answer | |
| (B) Anaphase | |
| (C) Telophase | |
| (D) Prophase | |

Question 10:

00:01

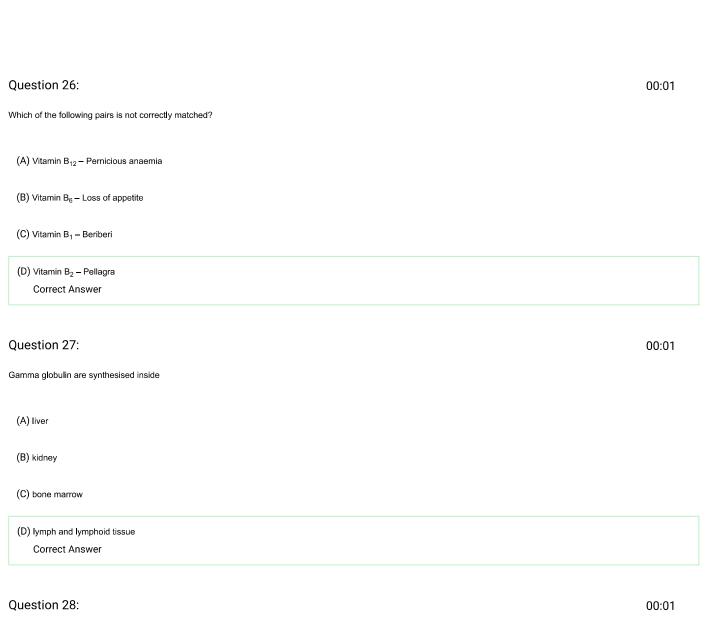
| radpoie's tail is a/an | |
|---|-------|
| (A) excretory organ | |
| (B) attachment organ | |
| (C) respiratory organ | |
| (D) locomotory organ Correct Answer | |
| Question 11: | 00:01 |
| The raising of new plants from a plant tissue through tissue culture is termed as | |
| (A) micro-propagation Correct Answer | |
| (B) micro-grafting | |
| (C) macro-economic | |
| (D) macro-consumer | |
| Question 12: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following is important for speciation? | |
| (A) Seasonal isolation | |
| (B) Reproductive isolation Correct Answer | |
| (C) Behavioural isolation | |
| (D) Temporal isolation | |
| Question 13: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following are secreted by bacteria? | |
| (A) Proteins | |
| (B) Toxins Correct Answer | |
| (C) Interferons | |
| (D) Antibiotics | |
| Question 14: | 00:01 |
| The length of one turn of the helix in a B-form DNA is approximately | |
| (A) 0.34 nm | |
| (B) 20 nm | |
| (C) 2 nm | |
| (D) 3.4 nm Correct Answer | |
| Question 15: | 00:01 |
| In 1984, the Bhopal gas tragedy took place because methyl isocyanate | |
| (A) reacted with DDT | |

(B) reacted with ammonia

| (C) reacted with CQ ₂ | |
|--|-------|
| (D) reacted with water Correct Answer | |
| Question 16: | 00:01 |
| The quiescent centre in root meristem serves as a | |
| (A) site for storage of food which is utilised during maturation | |
| (B) reservoir of growth hormones | |
| (C) reserve for replenishment of damaged cells of the meristem Correct Answer | |
| (D) region for absorption of water | |
| Question 17: | 00:01 |
| According to the World Health Organisation (WHO), which of the following is not considered as an aspect of reproduction? | |
| (A) Social aspect | |
| (B) Behavioural aspect | |
| (C) Emotional aspect | |
| (D) Political aspect Correct Answer | |
| (E) Physical aspect | |
| Question 18: | 00:01 |
| Meniere's disease is associated with | |
| (A) ear Correct Answer | |
| (B) eye | |
| (C) nose | |
| (D) throat | |
| Question 19: | 00:01 |
| What would happen if in a gene encoding, a polypeptide of 50 amino acids, 25th codon (UAC) is mutated to UAA? | |
| (A) A polypeptide of 49 amino acids will be formed. | |
| (B) A polypeptide of 25 amino acids will be formed. | |
| (C) A polypeptide of 24 amino acids will be formed. Correct Answer | |
| (D) Two polypeptides of 24 and 25 amino acids will be formed. | |
| Question 20; | 00:01 |
| During the process of evolution, development of trichogyne of algae could be traced as | |
| (A) style of angiosperm Correct Answer | |
| (B) stigma of angiosperm | |

(C) gynoecium of angiosperm

| (D) pollen tube of angiosperm | |
|--|-------|
| Question 21: | 00:01 |
| Below freezing point, the pepsin | |
| (A) becomes over activated | |
| (B) gets destroyed | |
| (C) remains unaffected | |
| (D) gets inactivated Correct Answer | |
| Question 22: | 00:01 |
| 'Hotspots of biodiversity' mean | |
| (A) species in a particular area | |
| (B) areas of the earth that contain many endemic species Correct Answer | |
| (C) species diversity at a particular area | |
| (D) species serve as proxy for entire communities in a particular area | |
| (E) None of these | |
| Question 23: | 00:01 |
| In diastole, heart is filled by | |
| (A) mixed blood | |
| (B) venous blood Correct Answer | |
| (C) oxygenated blood | |
| (D) partially oxygenated blood | |
| | 00:01 |
| Question 24: What is Bacillus thuringiensis? | 00:01 |
| | |
| (A) It is an inorganic pesticide G positive bacterium. | |
| (B) It is an organic pesticide G positive bacterium. | |
| (C) It is an organic pesticide G negative bacterium. | |
| (D) It is a biological pesticide G positive bacterium. Correct Answer | |
| (E) It is a biological pesticide G negative bacterium. | |
| Question 25: | 00:01 |
| Oudhwa National Park is located in | |
| (A) Arunachal Pradesh | |
| (B) Madhya Pradesh | |
| | |



Which of the following micronutrients is vital for pollen germination?

| (A) Mg | |
|---|----------------------------|
| (B) B Correct Answer | |
| (C) Zn | |
| (D) Mo | |
| (E) Cu | |
| Question 29: | 00:01 |
| Into which of the following is the foreign DNA inserted for cloning purpose? | |
| (A) In target vector | |
| (B) In cloning vector Correct Answer | |
| (C) In viruses | |
| (D) In archaebacteria | |
| (E) In eukaryotic protista | |
| | |
| Question 30: | 00:01 |
| Question 30: The Government of India, along with 155 other nations, signed a conservation strategy at the Earth Summit held at Rio 1992. What is this conservation strategy called? | |
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| The Government of India, along with 155 other nations, signed a conservation strategy at the Earth Summit held at Rio 1992. What is this conservation strategy called? (A) Wildlife Protection Act (B) Convention on Biodiversity Correct Answer (C) Mega Diversity Convention | |
| The Government of India, along with 155 other nations, signed a conservation strategy at the Earth Summit held at Rio 1992. What is this conservation strategy called? (A) Wildlife Protection Act (B) Convention on Biodiversity Correct Answer (C) Mega Diversity Convention (D) The Biological Act | |
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| (C) Genus | |
|---|-------|
| (D) Phylum or Division | |
| (E) Species | |
| Question 32: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following stages during meiosis is concerned with DNA replication? | |
| (A) Interphase Correct Answer | |
| (B) Prophase | |
| (C) Metaphase | |
| (D) Anaphase | |
| Question 33: | 00:01 |
| Drosophila flies with XXY genotype are females, but human beings with such genotype are abnormal males. It shows that | |
| (A) Y-chromosome is essential for sex determination in Drosophila | |
| (B) Y-chromosome is female determining in Drosophila | |
| (C) Y-chromosome is male determining in human beings Correct Answer | |
| (D) Y-chromosome has no role in sex detemination either in Drosophila or in human beings | |
| Question 34: | 00:01 |
| An organic substance bound to an enzyme and essential for its activity is called | |
| (A) coenzyme Correct Answer | |
| (B) holoenzyme | |
| (C) apoenzyme | |
| (D) isoenzyme | |
| Question 35: | 00:01 |
| Match the following: | |
| 1 Lipase a In bottled juices | |

| 2 Pectinase b To remove clots 3 Streptokinase c In laundry detergents | |
|--|-------|
| | |
| (A) 1 - a, 2 - c, 3 - b | |
| (B) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a | |
| (C) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b | |
| Correct Answer | |
| (D) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a | |
| (E) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c | |
| Question 36: | 00:01 |
| Formation of ozone hole is maximum over | |
| (A) India | |
| (B) Antarctica Correct Answer | |
| (C) Europe | |
| | |
| (D) Africa | |
| (D) Africa Question 37: | 00:01 |
| | 00:01 |
| Question 37: | 00:01 |
| Question 37: Which of the following is true with respect to gametophyte of ferns? (A) Prothallus is independent from sporophyte. | 00:01 |
| Question 37: Which of the following is true with respect to gametophyte of ferns? (A) Prothallus is independent from sporophyte. Correct Answer | 00:01 |
| Question 37: Which of the following is true with respect to gametophyte of ferns? (A) Prothallus is independent from sporophyte. Correct Answer (B) Prothallus is attached with sporophyte. | 00:01 |
| Question 37: Which of the following is true with respect to gametophyte of ferns? (A) Prothallus is independent from sporophyte. Correct Answer (B) Prothallus is attached with sporophyte. (C) It is the main plant body. | 00:01 |
| Question 37: Which of the following is true with respect to gametophyte of ferns? (A) Prothallus is independent from sporophyte. Correct Answer (B) Prothallus is attached with sporophyte. (C) It is the main plant body. (D) It is a structure attached with rhizome. | |
| Question 37: Which of the following is true with respect to gametophyte of ferms? (A) Prothallus is independent from sporophyte. Correct Answer (B) Prothallus is attached with sporophyte. (C) It is the main plant body. (D) It is a structure attached with rhizome. | |
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(D) contributors in maintaining pregnancy Question 39: 00:01 Antigen binding site in an antibody is found between (A) two light chains (B) two heavy chains (C) one heavy and one light chains Correct Answer (D) either between two light chains or between one heavy and one light chains, depending upon the nature of antigen Question 40: 00:01 In living beings, ammonia is converted into urea through (A) ornithine cycle Correct Answer (B) citrulline cycle (C) fumarine cycle (D) arginine cycle Question 41: 00:01 If a plant having yellow or round seeds was crossed with another plant having green and wrinkled seeds, then F₁ progeny are in the ratio (A) 15:1 (B) 1:15

(C) 1:13

(D) None of these as we get all yellow and round seeds

Correct Answer

Question 42: 00:01

The national herbarium of our country is located in the Indian Botanical Garden, which is located in

(A) Kolkata

Correct Answer

(B) Ooty

| (C) Bangalore | |
|---|-------|
| (D) Mumbai | |
| Question 43: | 00:01 |
| The specific part of plastid where photosynthetic pigment occurs is | |
| (A) grana | |
| (B) stroma | |
| (C) lamellae | |
| (D) thylakoid membrane Correct Answer | |
| (E) None of these | |
| Question 44: | 00:01 |
| Cellulose, the most important constituent of a plant cell wall is made up of | |
| (A) branched chain of glucose molecules linked by ^{©t} , 1, 6 glycosidic bond, the site of branching | |
| (B) unbranched chain of glucose molecules linked by $^{\alpha}$, 1, 4, glycosidic bond | |
| (C) branched chain of glucose molecules linked by β , 1, 4 glycosidic bond in straight chain and α , 1, 6 glycosidic bond at the site of branching | |
| (D) unbranched chain of glucose molecules linked by β , 1, 4 glycosidic bond Correct Answer | |
| Question 45: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following is not a vestigial part in humans? | |
| (A) Coccyx | |
| (B) Finger nail Correct Answer | |
| (C) Third molar of each side in each jaw | |
| (D) Segmental muscle of abdomen | |
| Question 46: | 00:01 |
| What is the name of alpha-lactalbumin producing transgenic animal? | |

(A) Rosie

| Correct Answer | |
|--|-------|
| (B) Pratham | |
| (C) Dolly | |
| (D) Garima | |
| (E) Enviropig | |
| Question 47: | 00:01 |
| The term 'lotic' is used for | |
| (A) all kinds of water | |
| (B) pond water | |
| (C) stagnant fresh water | |
| (D) fresh flowing water Correct Answer | |
| (E) None of the above | |
| | |
| Question 48: | 00:01 |
| Question 48: Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of | 00:01 |
| | 00:01 |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x | 00:01 |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x Correct Answer | 00:01 |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x Correct Answer (B) smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO ₂ | 00:01 |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x Correct Answer (B) smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO ₂ (C) hydrocarbons, SO _{2¬} and CO _{2¬} | 00:01 |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x Correct Answer (B) smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO ₂ (C) hydrocarbons, SO _{2□} and CO _{2□} (D) hydrocarbons, ozone and SO _x | |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x Correct Answer (B) smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO ₂ (C) hydrocarbons, SO _{2□} and CO _{2□} (D) hydrocarbons, ozone and SO _x Question 49: | |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x Correct Answer (B) smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO ₂ (C) hydrocarbons, SO _{2□} and CO _{2□} (D) hydrocarbons, ozone and SO _x Question 49: In Mollusca, eye is present over a stalk called | |
| Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of (A) ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO _x Correct Answer (B) smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO ₂ (C) hydrocarbons, SO _{2¬} and CO _{2¬} (D) hydrocarbons, ozone and SO _x Question 49: In Mollusca, eye is present over a stalk called (A) ostracum | |

(B) plants growing in highly polluted conditions

| | 00.01 |
|--|-------|
| What is the fifth cranial nerve of a frog called? | |
| (A) Vagus | |
| (B) Trigeminal Correct Answer | |
| (C) Optic | |
| (D) Olfactory | |
| Question 51: | 00:01 |
| ungs are enclosed in | |
| (A) pericardium | |
| (B) peritonium | |
| (C) pleural membrane Correct Answer | |
| (D) None of the above | |
| Question 52: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following hormones plays an important role in osmoregulatory function of kidneys by increasing Na+, K+ and Cl reabsorption from filtrate? | |
| (A)LH | |
| (B) Oxytecin | |
| (C) Vasopressin | |
| (D) Aldosterone Correct Answer | |
| (E) Parathormone | |
| Question 53: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following is a globular protein which makes the active sites of F-actin? | |
| (A) Troponin Correct Answer | |
| (B) Tropomyosin | |
| (C) Myosin | |
| (D) Heavy meromyosin | |
| (E) Light meromyosin | |
| Question 54: | 00:01 |
| Somaclonal variation appears in | |
| (A) organisms produced through somatic hybridisation | |

| (D) tissue culture raised plants Correct Answer | |
|--|-------|
| Question 55: | 00:01 |
| Which part of embryo comes out first during seed germination? | |
| (A) Radicle Correct Answer | |
| (B) Plumule | |
| (C) Hypocotyl | |
| (D) Epicotyl | |
| Question 56: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following contraceptives was developed by scientists at the Central Drug Research Institute (CDRI) in Lucknow, India? | |
| (A) Progestasert | |
| (B) Saheli Correct Answer | |
| (C) CuT | |
| (D) LNG-20 | |
| (E) Multiload 375 | |
| Question 57: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following sets of derivatives of integumentary structures characterised birds as glorified reptiles? | |
| (A) Syrinx and uropygial glands | |
| (B) Claws am uropygial glands | |
| (C) Scales and claws Correct Answer | |
| (D) Syrinx and scales | |
| Question 58: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following represents the basal part of the ovule and is opposite to the micropylar end? | |
| (A) Hilum | |
| (B) Chalaza Correct Answer | |
| (C) Funicle | |
| (D) Integument | |
| (E) Micropyle | |
| Question 59: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following four glands is correctly matched with the accompanying description? | |
| (A) Thyroid – hyperactivity in young children causes cretinism | |
| (B) Thymus – starts undergoing alrophy after puberty Correct Answer | |

| (D) Pancreas – delta cells of the islets of Langerhans secrete a hormone which stimulates glycolysis in liver | |
|---|-------|
| Question 60: | 00:01 |
| Viscum is a | |
| (A) total root parasite | |
| (B) total stem parasite | |
| (C) partial root parasite | |
| (D) partial stem parasite Correct Answer | |
| Question 61: | 00:01 |
| Sea weeds are important source of | |
| (A) chlorine | |
| (B) fluorine | |
| (C) iodine | |
| Correct Answer | |
| (D) bromine | |
| Question 62: | 00:01 |
| Which compound has a very important role in prebiotic evolution? | |
| (A) Sulphur dioxide | |
| (B) Nitric oxide | |
| (C) Methane | |
| Correct Answer | |
| (D) Sulphur trioxide | |
| Question 63: | 00:01 |
| All Bowman's capsules of the kidney are found in | |
| (A) pelvis | |
| (B) medulla | |
| (C) cortex | |
| Correct Answer | |
| (D) None of these | |
| Question 64: | 00:01 |
| In which of the following is blue-green alga found? | |
| (A) Cycas Correct Answer | |
| (B) Pinus | |
| (C) Scales of Marchantia | |
| (D) Riccia | |
| Question 65: | 00:01 |

| | Column I | Column II | | | |
|----|------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| A | Carcinogen | 1. Cancerous tumour | | | |
| В. | Anaphase-I | 2. Dis-junction | | | |
| C | Mitosis | 3. Synapse | | | |
| D | Zygotene | 4. Plectonemic coiling | | | |

| Ì | Codes | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | A | В | C | D | | | | |
| (1) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 | | | | |
| (2) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 | | | | |
| (3) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | | | | |
| 4) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | |

| (2)3 1 4 2 (3)2 3 1 4 (4)4 1 3 2 | | | | |
|--|-------|--|--|--|
| (A) (1) Correct Answer | | | | |
| (B) (2) | | | | |
| (C) (3) | | | | |
| (D) (4) | | | | |
| Question 66: | 00:01 | | | |
| The usage of binomial names for plant species was accepted by all after the publication of the work by | | | | |
| (A) Hooker | | | | |
| (B) Linnaeus Correct Answer | | | | |
| (C) Bentham | | | | |
| (D) Darwin | | | | |
| Question 67: | 00:01 | | | |
| Damage to thymus in a child may lead to | | | | |
| (A) a reduction in haemoglobin content of blood | | | | |
| (B) a reduction in stem cell production | | | | |
| (C) loss of antibody mediated immunity | | | | |
| (D) loss of cell mediated immunity Correct Answer | | | | |
| Question 68: | 00:01 | | | |
| The distinguishing feature of all chordates is | | | | |
| (A) a water vascular system | | | | |
| (B) an elastic rod (notochord) Correct Answer | | | | |
| (C) a chitinous exoskeleton | | | | |
| (D) a ventrally placed nerve cord | | | | |
| Question 69; | | | | |
| Haematocrit is related with | | | | |

(B) oxygen carrying capacity of haemoglobin

(A) erythrocyte volume fraction Correct Answer

(C) cell volume when packed together 33

| In pea plants, yellow seeds are dominant to green. If a neterozygous yellow seeded plant is crossed with a green seeded plant, what ratio of yellow to green seeded plants could you expect in r1. generation r | |
|--|-------|
| (A) 9:1 | |
| (B) 1:3 | |
| (C) 3:1 | |
| (D) 50 : 50 Correct Answer | |
| | |
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| Question 76: | 00:01 |
| Which of the following statements pertaining to pollutants is correct? | |
| (A) DDT is a non-biodegradable pollutant: Correct Answer | |
| (B) Excess fluoride in drinking water causes osteoporosis. | |
| (C) Excess cadmium in drinking water causes black foot disease. | |
| (D) Methylmercury in water may cause "Itai Itai" disease. | |
| | |
| Question 77: | 00:01 |
| Question 77: Nitrogen oxides produced from the emission of automobiles and power plants are the source of fine air borne particles which lead to | 00:01 |
| | 00:01 |
| Nitrogen oxides produced from the emission of automobiles and power plants are the source of fine air borne particles which lead to | 00:01 |
| Nitrogen oxides produced from the emission of automobiles and power plants are the source of fine air borne particles which lead to (A) photochemical smog (B) dry acid deposition | 00:01 |
| Nitrogen oxides produced from the emission of automobiles and power plants are the source of fine air borne particles which lead to (A) photochemical smog (B) dry acid deposition Correct Answer | 00:01 |
| Nitrogen oxides produced from the emission of automobiles and power plants are the source of fine air borne particles which lead to (A) photochemical smog (B) dry acid deposition Correct Answer (C) industrial smog | 00:01 |
| Nitrogen oxides produced from the emission of automobiles and power plants are the source of fine air borne particles which lead to (A) photochemical smog (B) dry acid deposition Correct Answer (C) industrial smog (D) wet acid deposition | |
| Nitrogen oxides produced from the emission of automobiles and power plants are the source of fine air borne particles which lead to (A) photochemical smog (B) dry acid deposition | |

| (B) Myleoid body | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| (C) Desmosome | | | |
| (D) Cisterna | | | |
| (E) Mesosome | | | |
| Question 79: | | | |
| A normal woman whose father was colour blind, is married to a normal man. The sons would be | | | |
| (A) 75% colour blind | | | |
| (B) 50% colour blind | | | |
| Correct Answer | | | |
| (C) all normal | | | |
| (D) all colour blind | | | |
| Question 80: | | | |
| Yeast belongs to which class? | | | |
| (A) Basidiomycetes | | | |
| (B) Ascomycetes Correct Answer | | | |
| CORCA ABRIG. | | | |
| (C) Eumycetes | | | |

(D) None of these